

CropHealthMonitor  
DNA Multiscan<sup>TM</sup> General

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## Example report

### Copy

**Sample** Research-/ordernumber: Date sampling: Date report:  
31-05-2023 04-06-2023

Test code: Receiving date: Sample was taken by: Contactperson sampling:  
170 02-06-2023 Third party

Material:  
Water

Results	Fungi	Results	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Fusarium spp.	1						
	Phytophthora spp.	4						
	Phytophthora nicotianae	4						
	Pythium spp.	6						
	Pythium dissotocum	1						

Detection: 1 = very low, 2 = low, 3 = moderate, 4 = moderate high, 5 = high, 6 = very high

Any fungi detected are specified separately above. If no identified fungi are displayed, then no measurable levels of the fungi being tested for were found in the specimen tested. The specimen was tested for the following fungi:

<i>Alternaria spp.</i>	<i>Fusarium culmorum</i>	<i>Phytophthora capsici</i>	<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>
<i>Athelia rolfsii</i>	<i>Fusarium lactis</i>	<i>Phytophthora cinnamomi</i>	<i>Sclerotinia spp.</i>
<i>Aphanomyces euteiches</i>	<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i>	<i>Phytophthora citricola</i>	<i>Sclerotinia minor</i>
<i>Botrytis spp.</i>	<i>Fusarium sacchari</i>	<i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i>	<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>
<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>	<i>Fusarium solani</i>	<i>Phytophthora drechsleri</i>	<i>Sclerotinia trifoliorum</i>
<i>Botrytis tulipae</i>	<i>Gnomonia comari</i>	<i>Phytophthora infestans</i>	<i>Sclerotium cepivorum</i>
<i>Colletotrichum spp.</i>	<i>Macrophomina phaseolina</i>	<i>Phytophthora nicotianae</i>	<i>Septoria lycopersici</i>
<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>	<i>Myrothecium roridum</i>	<i>Plectosphaerella cucumerina</i>	<i>Stemphyllium spp.</i>
<i>Colletotrichum coccodes</i>	<i>Olpidium bornovanus</i>	<i>Pyrenochaeta lycopersici</i>	<i>Thielaviopsis basicola</i>
<i>Colletotrichum fragariae</i>	<i>Olpidium brassicae</i>	<i>Pythium spp.</i>	<i>Trichoderma spp.</i>
<i>Colletotrichum gleosporioides</i>	<i>Olpidium virulentus</i>	<i>Pythium aphanidermatum</i>	<i>Trichoderma asperellum</i>
<i>Coniothyrium fuckelii</i>	<i>Passalora fulva</i>	<i>Pythium dissotocum</i>	<i>Trichoderma hamatum</i>
<i>Corynespora cassiicola</i>	<i>Penicillium spp.</i>	<i>Pythium irregulare</i>	<i>Trichoderma harzianum</i>
<i>Cylindrocarpon destructans</i>	<i>Phoma destructiva</i>	<i>Pythium polymastum</i>	<i>Verticillium spp.</i>
<i>Cylindrocladium spp.</i>	<i>Phomopsis sclerotioides</i>	<i>Pythium sylvaticum</i>	<i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i>
<i>Didymella spp.</i>	<i>Phytophthora spp.</i>	<i>Pythium tracheiphylum</i>	<i>Verticillium dahliae</i>
<i>Fusarium spp.</i>	<i>Phytophthora cactorum</i>	<i>Pythium ultimum</i>	

### Method

Fungi Em: MSC2

If you have carried out a decontamination technique, treatment or spraying method, it may be the case that dead pathogens are detected. A positive result indicates that the pathogen is present, or was recently present in your crops. The results relate exclusively to the material supplied, which Eurofins Agro received and was processed on 02-06-2023, and therefore to the sample analysed. For a detailed description of the sampling and analysis methods used, visit [www.eurofins-agro.com](http://www.eurofins-agro.com) All analyses were (partial) conducted at the laboratory in Eurofins Agro, Wageningen.

